

Package ‘esd4all’

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Title esd4all

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Depends clim.pact, cyclones, akima, ncdf, sgeostat, fields, spam, R (>= 2.2.0)

Description functions for post-processing and gridding empirical-statistical downscaled climate scenarios.

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URL <http://www.r-project.org> <http://cran.r-project.org>
<http://noserc.met.no/grtools/esd4all.html>

ZipData no

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constructESD	<i>Empirical-Statistical Downscaling For All.</i>
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Description

R-package for processing results from empirical-statistical downscaling (ESD).

The code has been tailored to post-process data derived through the `clim.pact` (<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/clim.pact/index.html>) and `met.no` packages (the latter is not posted on CRAN). The package uses the same ESD data as displayed in Google.Earth (<http://home.broadpark.no/~rbene/esd.google.earthTemp.kml>).

The R-package assumes that the ESD involves a fairly large multi-model ensemble, typically involving 40-50 different simulations. Each simulation produces one time series for each location,

typically over the period 1900-2100. The time series are the seasonal mean temperature (e.g. winter, spring, summer and autumn).

More details about the nature of the data can be found in met.no Notes 03/2009 (<http://met.no/Forskning/Publikasjoner/?module=Files;action=File.getFile;ID=2319>) and 15/2009 (<http://met.no/Forskning/Publikasjoner/?module=Files;action=File.getFile;ID=2631>).

`data(esdsummary)` retrieves ESD data generated by `esdsummary()` in the `met.no`-package. These data consist of coefficients of the best-fit polynomials to the 5-, and 95- percentiles as well as the mean of the set of time series (1900-2100) of downscaled multi-model ensemble (CMIP3).

`constructESD` constructs time series of the 5-, and 95- percentiles as well as the mean (1900-2100) of downscaled GCM (e.g from the CMIP3 data set). These reconstructions are constructed from coefficients describing the best-fit polynomials:

$$y(t) = c_0 + c_1t + c_2t^2 + c_3t^3 + c_4t^4 + c_5t^5,$$

where t is the time.

`pdfESD` produces a pdf (Gaussian) of the seasonal temperature downscaled from the multi-model ensemble at a given location. Note, this pdf is not necessarily the same as the true pdf for the real temperature.

`mapESDlocs` produces a map showing the locations for which there are multi-model ESD results in the `esd4all` package.

`queryLocations` returns the name of the locations of the ESD locations.

`get5mintopo` retrieves a 5-minute resolution data file of the topography over Internet and saves the data locally in a suitable format for the use in the `esd4all` package.

`fortegn` a utility used internally - returns -1 or +1.

`geo.inf` is a function that uses a geographical regression model (GRM) to grid the results, and then adds the residuals through interpolation (kriging or 2D splines). This is an internal function.

`gridESD` is the main function that grids the coefficients used to describe the best-fit polynomials providing smooth approximations of the time series for 5- and 95-percentiles and the ensemble mean. The function uses `geo.inf`.

`gridded.c` is produced by `gridESD`. In the CRAN-version (1.0-3), a reduced version of this gridded data set is used due to size limitations, but a fuller version is available from <http://noserc.met.no/grtools/esd4all.html>.

`mapESDquants` constructs map of derived quantiles.

`mapESDprobs` construct map of the fraction of GCMs with value below/higher then threshold.

`esdsummary` contains coefficients describing the polynomials of the 5th and 95th percentiles as well as ensemble mean of ESD analysis for a large number of locations around the world, seen in <http://eklima.met.no/metno/esd/esd.google.earthTemp.kmz>. The list is created using `esd2google`.

`gridded.c` contains results from gridding the coefficients (stored in `esdsummary`) over northern Europe.

`ESDinGoogle` views the ESD results in GoogleEarth

`ESDdetails` provides details about the ESD results and explains how the figures should be interpreted. `ESDreference` provides a link to a proper reference for the ESD - Benestad, R.E. (2005) Climate change scenarios for northern Europe from multi-model IPCC AR4 climate simulations GRL, 32 doi:10.1029/2005GL023401 No. 17, L17704.

`rda2cdf` reads the gridded data in an `rda`-file and saves these as a `netCDF` file.

`figures` Makes figures showing maps of the 95-percentile for summer (JJA) mean temperature and probability of below freezing mean winter (DJF) temperatures.

Usage

```

constructESD(location, plot=TRUE, get.data="data(esdsummary, envir=environment())",
             mfrow=c(2, 2))
pdfESD(location, plot=TRUE, get.data="data(esdsummary, envir=environment())",
        year=2050, ref=NULL, mfrow=c(2, 2), what="pdf")
mapESDlocs(get.data="data(esdsummary, envir=environment())")
queryLocations(nr=NULL, get.data="data(esdsummary, envir=environment())")
get5mintopo(browser = "firefox", url = "http://marine.rutgers.edu/po/tools/gridpa
fortegn(a, b)
geo.inf(g.obj, do.km=TRUE, x.scale=1000,
        predict=TRUE, krig=TRUE, krig.Nx=NULL, krig.Ny=NULL,
        x.rng=c(-10, 32), y.rng=c(44, 70), plot=FALSE,
        krig.package="fields",
        use.previous.estimates=TRUE, linear.intp=TRUE)
KrigFields(resid, lon.grd, lat.grd)
KrigSgeostat(resid, lon.grd, lat.grd, do.km)
gridESD(get.data = "data(esdsummary, envir=environment())",
        plot = FALSE, x.rng = c(-30, 50), y.rng = c(40, 72),
        x.scale = 1000, do.km = TRUE, krig = TRUE, new = TRUE,
        krig.Nx = 30, krig.Ny = 30, use.previous.estimates =
        TRUE, linear.intp = TRUE, krig.package = "fields",
        fname = "gridded.c.rda")
mapESDquants(what="q95", season=3, year=2050, ref=NULL,
             get.data1="data(gridded.c, envir=environment())",
             get.data2="data(esdsummary, envir=environment())",
             plot=TRUE)
mapESDprobs(thresh=0, season=1, year=2050, ref=NULL,
            get.data="data(gridded.c, envir=environment())", plot=TRUE)
data(esdsummary)
data(gridded.c)
data(gridded.ealat.c)
data(gridded.africa.c)
ESDinGoogle(browser = "firefox", url="http://eklima.met.no/metno/esd/esd.google.")
ESDdetails(browser = "firefox", url="http://met.no/Forskning/Publikasjoner/")
rda2cdf(get.data="data(gridded.c, envir=environment())")
figures(get.data="data(gridded.c, envir=environment())",
        season.1=3, season.2=1, year=2050, thresh=0, what="q95")
reduce.rda.size(get.data="data(gridded.c, envir=environment())", reduce.res=TRUE,
               nx=100, ny=100)

```

Arguments

location	Name of site
plot	flag: TRUE or FALSE
get.data	Method for getting the data
year	Scenario year
nr	Station number
browser	Preferred browser
url	URLs of on-line reports or KML-files.
g.obj	List object holding ESD data for a number of sites. Used for gridding.

<code>do.km</code>	FLAG: TRUE use km rather than lon-lat coordinates.
<code>x.scale</code>	Spatial scale: 1000 implies units of km.
<code>predict</code>	FLAG: TRUE or FALSE
<code>krig</code>	FLAG: FALSE implies a bi-linear interpolation rather than kriging. Two kriging options are available, specified by the argument <code>krig.package</code> . Past tests have revealed some problems with the kriging options, however.
<code>krig.package</code>	Specify package for kriging analysis: "fields" or "sgeostat"
<code>x.rng</code>	x range for selection of sites in gridding
<code>y.rng</code>	y range for selection of sites in gridding
<code>use.previous.estimates</code>	FLAG: TRUE for avoiding repeating lengthy calculations
<code>linear.intp</code>	used for the linear argument in <code>interp</code>
<code>ref</code>	Reference year
<code>fname</code>	File name for <code>gridded.c</code> .
<code>what</code>	Specification of type
<code>a</code>	A value: $a < b$ returns -1 in <code>fortegn</code>
<code>b</code>	A value: $a < b$ returns -1 in <code>fortegn</code>
<code>reduce.res</code>	TRUE: use <code>interp</code> to reduce the spatial resolution, otherwise save only the land points.
<code>nx</code>	
<code>ny</code>	
<code>mfrow</code>	
<code>krig.Nx</code>	To specify coarser grid for residual gridding
<code>krig.Ny</code>	To specify coarser grid for residual gridding
<code>new</code>	FALSE: try to continue on a previous job
<code>season</code>	Season
<code>season.1</code>	Season
<code>season.2</code>	Season
<code>get.data1</code>	Method for getting the data
<code>get.data2</code>	Method for getting the data
<code>thresh</code>	Threshold value for estimating probabilities
<code>resid</code>	List object holding the residuals from GRM
<code>lon.grd</code>	longitude coordinates of grid
<code>lat.grd</code>	Latitude coordinates of grid

Author(s)

R.E. Benestad

Examples

```

## Not run:
ESDinGoogle()
data(esdsummary)
mapESDlocs()
queryLocations() -> a
constructESD(a[1]) -> b
pdfESD(a[1])
mapESDquants() -> map.q95
mapESDprobs() -> map.pr.T.lt.0

# How to generate the gridded data
dsjobs(ele=101,scen="sresalb")
bestESD() # to weed out multiple locations
allESD(path="ESD/") # to weed out multiple locations
esd2google() -> esdsummary # summarise all the ESD results
catESDsummary(esdsummary) -> esdsummary.tidy
gridded.c <- gridESD(get.data=esdsummary.tidy, x.rng=c(-12,45),y.rng=c(35,72),new=TRUE)
gridded.africa.c <- gridESD(get.data=esdsummary.tidy,x.rng=c(-20,50),y.rng=c(-40,37),new=
gridded.ealat.c <-
gridESD(get.data=esdsummary.tidy,x.rng=c(15,190),y.rng=c(60,80),new=TRUE)

#How to create the figures in publications:
figures(get.data="data(gridded.ealat.c,envir=environment())",year=2100,what="q05")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","EALAT_ESD-q95map-2100.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","EALAT_ESD-p0map-2100.nc")
figures(get.data="data(gridded.ealat.c,envir=environment())",what="q05")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","EALAT_ESD-q95map-2050.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","EALAT_ESD-p0map-2050.nc")
figures(get.data="data(gridded.ealat.c,envir=environment())",year=2010,what="q05")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","EALAT_ESD-q95map-2000.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","EALAT_ESD-p0map-2000.nc")

figures(get.data="data(gridded.africa.c,envir=environment())",
season.1=3,season.2=3,thresh=35)
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","Africa_ESD-q95map-2500.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","Africa_ESD-p0map-2500.nc")
figures(get.data="data(gridded.africa.c,envir=environment())",
season.1=3,season.2=3,thresh=35,year=2010)
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","Africa_ESD-q95map-2000.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","Africa_ESD-p0map-2000.nc")
figures(get.data="data(gridded.africa.c,envir=environment())",
season.1=3,season.2=3,thresh=35,year=2100)
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","Africa_ESD-q95map-2100.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","Africa_ESD-p0map-2100.nc")

figures(year=2100)
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","Europe_ESD-q95map-2100.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","Europe_ESD-p0map-2100.nc")
figures(year=2010)
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","Europe_ESD-q95map-2000.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","Europe_ESD-p0map-2000.nc")
figures()
file.rename("Europe_ESD-q95map.nc","Europe_ESD-q95map-2050.nc")
file.rename("Europe_ESD-p0map.nc","Europe_ESD-p0map-2050.nc")

```

```
# The papers used ferret (ferret.wrc.noaa.gov/) to make the final plots  
# based on the netCDF files created...
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

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